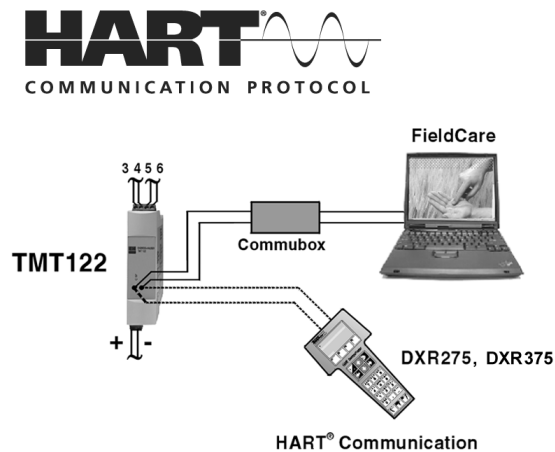


# Technical Information

## iTEMP HART<sup>®</sup> TMT122 DIN rail

Universal temperature transmitter for resistance thermometers (RTD), thermocouples, resistance and voltage transmitters, incorporating HART<sup>®</sup> protocol



### Application

- Temperature transmitter with HART<sup>®</sup> protocol for converting various input signals into a scalable 4 to 20 mA analog output signal
- Input:
  - Resistance thermometer (RTD)
  - Thermocouple (TC)
  - Resistance transmitter ( $\Omega$ )
  - Voltage transmitter (mV)
- HART<sup>®</sup> protocol for front end unit or panel unit operation using the hand operating module (DXR375) or PC (e.g. ReadWin<sup>®</sup> 2000 or FieldCare)
- Installation on DIN rail according to IEC 60715

### Your benefits

- Universal settings with HART<sup>®</sup> protocol for various input signals
- 2-wire technology, 4 to 20 mA analog output
- High accuracy in total ambient temperature range
- Fault signal on sensor break or short circuit, presettable to NAMUR NE 43
- EMC to NAMUR NE 21, CE
- UL recognized component
- Ex-Certification:
  - ATEX Ex ia
  - CSA IS
  - FM IS
- Marine approval
- Galvanic isolation
- Output simulation
- Min./max. process value indicator function
- Customer-specific linearization
- Linearization curve match

## Function and system design

**Measurement principle** Electronic measurement and conversion of input signals in industrial temperature measurement.

**Measurement system** The iTEMP HART® TMT122 DIN rail temperature transmitter is a 2-wire transmitter with an analog output. It has measurement input for resistance thermometers (RTD) in 2-, 3- or 4-wire connection, thermocouples (TC) and voltage transmitters. Setup of the device is done using the HART® protocol with hand operating module (DXR375) or PC (configuration software ReadWin® 2000 or FieldCare®).

## Input

**Measured variable** Temperature (temperature linear), resistance and voltage.

**Measuring range** Depending upon the sensor connection and input signal. The transmitter evaluates a number of different measurement ranges.

### Type of input

Resistance thermometer (RTD)	Type	Measurement ranges	Min. measurement range
	Pt100	-200 to 850 °C (-328 to 1562 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
	Pt500	-200 to 250 °C (-328 to 482 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
	Pt1000	-200 to 250 °C (-238 to 482 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
	acc. to IEC 751 ( $\alpha = 0.00835$ )		
	Pt100	-200 to 649 °C (-328 to 1200 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
	acc. to JIS C 1604-81 ( $\alpha = 0.003916$ )		
	Ni100	-60 to 250 °C (-76 to 482 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
	Ni500	-60 to 150 °C (-76 to 302 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
	Ni1000	-60 to 150 °C (-76 to 302 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
	acc. to DIN 43760 ( $\alpha = 0.006180$ )		
Connection type: 2-, 3- or 4-wire connection Software compensation of cable resistance possible in the 2-wire system (0 to 30 $\Omega$ ) Sensor cable resistance max. 40 $\Omega$ per cable Sensor current: $\leq 0.2$ mA			
Resistance transmitter	Resistance $\Omega$	10 to 400 $\Omega$ 10 to 2000 $\Omega$	10 $\Omega$ 100 $\Omega$
Thermocouples (TC)	B (PtRh30-PtRh6)	+40 to +1820 °C (104 to 3308 °F)	500 K (900 °F)
	C (W5Re-W26Re) <sup>1</sup>	0 to +2320 °C (32 to 4208 °F)	500 K (900 °F)
	D (W3Re-W25Re) <sup>1</sup>	0 to +2495 °C (32 to 4523 °F)	500 K (900 °F)
	E (NiCr-CuNi)	-270 to +1000 °C (-454 to 1832 °F)	50 K (90 °F)
	J (Fe-CuNi)	-210 to +1200 °C (-346 to 2192 °F)	50 K (90 °F)
	K (NiCr-Ni)	-270 to +1372 °C (-454 to 2501 °F)	50 K (90 °F)
	L (Fe-CuNi) <sup>2</sup>	-200 to +900 °C (-328 to 1652 °F)	50 K (90 °F)
	N (NiCrSi-NiSi)	-270 to +1300 °C (-454 to 2372 °F)	50 K (90 °F)
	R (PtRh13-Pt)	-50 to +1768 °C (-58 to 3214 °F)	500 K (900 °F)
	S (PtRh10-Pt)	-50 to +1768 °C (-58 to 3214 °F)	500 K (900 °F)
	T (Cu-CuNi)	-270 to +400 °C (-454 to 752 °F)	50 K (90 °F)
	U (Cu-CuNi) <sup>2</sup>	-200 to +600 °C (-328 to 1112 °F)	50 K (90 °F)
		acc. to IEC 584 Part 1	
Cold junction internal (Pt100), cold junction accuracy: $\pm 1$ K			
Voltage transmitters	Millivolt transmitter	-10 to 75 mV	5 mV

1. According to ASTM E988

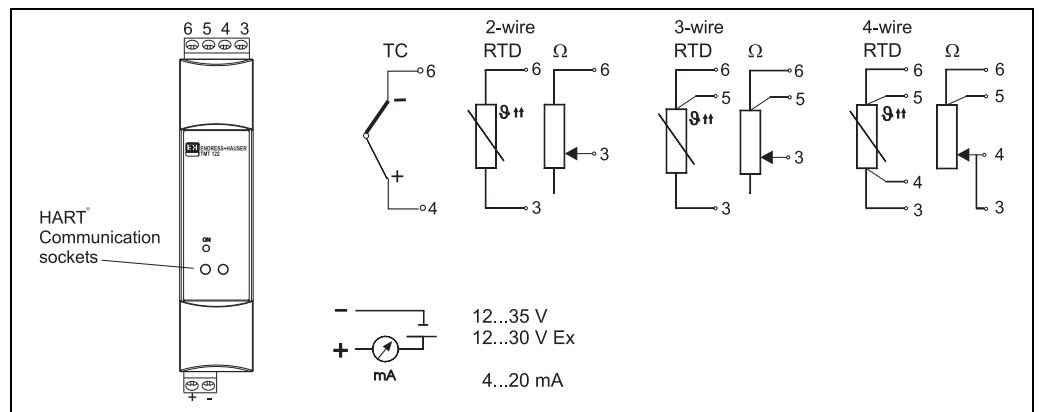
2. According to DIN 43710

## Output

<b>Output signal</b>	Analog 4 to 20 mA, 20 to 4 mA
<b>Signal on alarm</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Measurement range undercut: Linear drop to 3.8 mA</li> <li>■ Exceeding measurement range: Linear rise to 20.5 mA</li> <li>■ Sensor break; Sensor short circuit (not for thermocouples TC): ≤ 3.6 mA or ≥ 21.0 mA (if setting ≥ 21.0 mA the output is &gt; 21.5 mA)</li> </ul>
<b>Load</b>	Max. $(V_{\text{Power supply}} - 12 \text{ V}) / 0.022 \text{ A}$ (current output)
<b>Linearization / transmission behaviour</b>	Temperature linear, resistance linear, voltage linear
<b>Filter</b>	Digital filter 1. degree: 0 to 100 s
<b>Galvanic isolation</b>	$U = 2 \text{ kV AC}$ (Input/output)
<b>min. current consumption</b>	≤ 3.5 mA
<b>Current limit</b>	≤ 23 mA
<b>Switch on delay</b>	4 s (during power up $I_a \approx 3.8 \text{ mA}$ )

## Power supply

### Electrical connection



T09-TMT122-04-10-XX-en-001

Temperature transmitter terminal connections

For the unit operation via HART® communication sockets a minimum load resistance of 250 Ω is necessary in the signal circuit!

<b>Supply voltage</b>	$U_b = 12 \text{ to } 35 \text{ V}$ , polarity protected
<b>Residual ripple</b>	Allowable ripple $U_{ss} \leq 3 \text{ V}$ at $U_b \geq 15 \text{ V}$ , $f_{\text{max.}} = 1 \text{ kHz}$

## Performance characteristics

Response time 1 s

Reference operating conditions Calibration temperature:  $+25\text{ °C} \pm 5\text{ K}$  ( $77\text{ °F} \pm 9\text{ °F}$ )

Maximum measured error



The accuracy data are typical values and correspond to a standard deviation of  $\pm 3\sigma$  (normal distribution), i.e. 99.8% of all the measured values achieve the given values or better values.

	Type	Measurement accuracy <sup>1</sup>
Resistance thermometer RTD	Pt100, Ni100 Pt500, Ni500 Pt1000, Ni1000	0.2 K or 0.08% 0.5 K or 0.20% 0.3 K or 0.12%
Thermocouple TC	K, J, T, E, L, U N, C, D R, S B	typ. 0.5 K or 0.08% typ. 1.0 K or 0.08% typ. 1.4 K or 0.08% typ. 2.0 K or 0.08%

	Measurement range	Measurement accuracy <sup>1</sup>
Resistance transmitter ( $\Omega$ )	10 to 400 $\Omega$ 10 to 2000 $\Omega$	$\pm 0.1\ \Omega$ or 0.08% $\pm 1.5\ \Omega$ or 0.12%
Voltage transmitter (mV)	-10 to 75 mV	$\pm 20\ \mu\text{V}$ or 0.08%

1. % is related to the adjusted measurement range. The value to be applied is the greater.

Physical input range of the sensors	
10 to 400 $\Omega$	Polynom RTD, Pt100, Ni100
10 to 2000 $\Omega$	Pt500, Pt1000, Ni1000
-10 to 75 mV	Thermocouple type: C, D, E, J, K, L, N, U
-10 to 35 mV	Thermocouple type: B, R, S, T

Influence of power supply  $\leq \pm 0.01\%/V$  deviation from 24 V  
Percentages refer to the full scale value.

Influence of ambient temperature (temperature drift) Total temperature drift = input temperature drift + output temperature drift

Effect on the accuracy when ambient temperature changes by 1 K (1.8 °F):	
Input 10 to 400 $\Omega$	typ. 0.0015% of measured value, min. 4 m $\Omega$
Input 10 to 2000 $\Omega$	typ. 0.0015% of measured value, min. 20 m $\Omega$
Input -10 to 75 mV	typ. 0.005% of measured value, min. 1.2 $\mu\text{V}$
Input -10 to 35 mV	typ. 0.005% of measured value, min. 0.6 $\mu\text{V}$
Output 4 to 20 mA	typ. 0.005% of span

Typical sensitivity of resistance thermometers:	
Pt: $0.00385 * R_{\text{nominal}}/K$	Ni: $0.00617 * R_{\text{nominal}}/K$
Example Pt100: $0.00385 * 100\ \Omega/K = 0.385\ \Omega/K$	

Typical sensitivity of thermocouples:					
B: 10 $\mu\text{V/K}$	C: 20 $\mu\text{V/K}$	D: 20 $\mu\text{V/K}$	E: 75 $\mu\text{V/K}$	J: 55 $\mu\text{V/K}$	K: 40 $\mu\text{V/K}$
L: 55 $\mu\text{V/K}$	N: 35 $\mu\text{V/K}$	R: 12 $\mu\text{V/K}$	S: 12 $\mu\text{V/K}$	T: 50 $\mu\text{V/K}$	U: 60 $\mu\text{V/K}$

**Example for calculating measured error for ambient temperature drift:**

Input temperature drift  $\Delta\theta = 10 \text{ K}$  (18 °F), Pt100, measuring range 0 to 100 °C (32 to 212 °F)

Maximum process temperature: 100 °C (212 °F)

Measured resistance value: 138.5  $\Omega$  (IEC 60751) at maximum process temperature

Typical temperature drift in  $\Omega$ : (0.0015% of 138.5  $\Omega$ ) \* 10 = 0.02078  $\Omega$

Conversion to Kelvin: 0.02078  $\Omega$  / 0.385  $\Omega/\text{K}$  = 0.05 K (0.09 °F)

<b>Influence of load</b>	$\leq \pm 0.02\%/100 \Omega$ Values refer to the full scale value
<b>Long term stability</b>	$\leq 0.1\text{K/year}$ or $\leq 0.05\%/year$ Values under reference operating conditions. % refer to the set span. The highest value is valid.
<b>Influence of cold junction</b>	Pt100 DIN IEC 60751 Cl. B (internal reference junction for thermocouples TC)

## Installation conditions

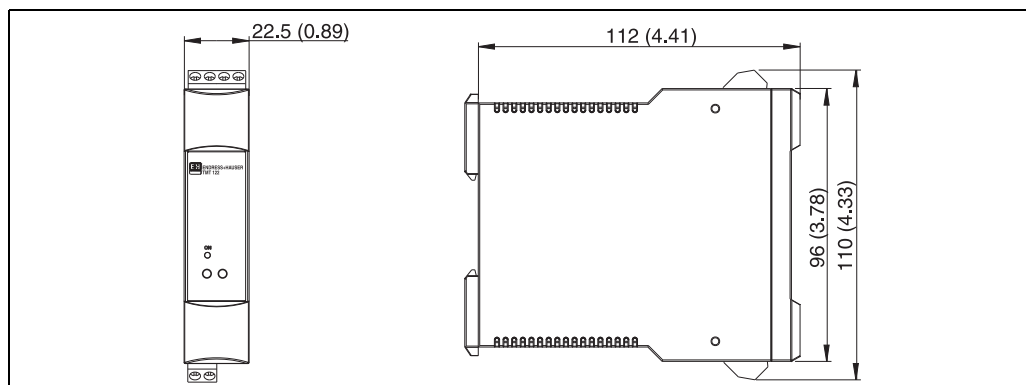
<b>Installation instructions</b>	<b>Orientation</b> No limit
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## Environment conditions

<b>Ambient temperature limits</b>	-40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F) for Ex-area, see Ex-certificate
<b>Storage temperature</b>	-40 to +100 °C (-40 to +212 °F)
<b>Climate class</b>	According to IEC 60654-1, Class C
<b>Condensation</b>	Permitted
<b>Degree of protection</b>	IP 20 (NEMA 1)
<b>Shock and vibration resistance</b>	4g / 2 to 150 Hz as per IEC 60 068-2-6
<b>Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)</b>	CE conformity EMC to all relevant requirements of the IEC/EN 61326 - series and NAMUR Recommendation EMC (NE21). For details, refer to the Declaration of Conformity.  Maximum fluctuations during EMC- tests: < 1% of measuring span.  Interference immunity to IEC/EN 61326 - series, requirements for industrial areas Interference emission to IEC/EN 61326 - series, electrical equipment Class B

## Mechanical construction

### Design, dimensions



T09-TMT122-06-10-XX-en-002

Housing for DIN rail mounting according to IEC 60715; Dimensions in mm (in)

<b>Weight</b>	Approx. 90 g (3.2 oz)
<b>Material</b>	Housing: Plastic PC/ABS, UL 94V0
<b>Terminals</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Keyed plug-in screw terminals, core size max. 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (16 AWG) solid, or strands with ferrules</li> <li>▪ Front mounted HART<sup>®</sup> communication socket for 2 mm jack plugs</li> </ul>

## Human interface

<b>Display elements</b>	A yellow illuminated LED signalizes: Device is operational. With the PC software ReadWin <sup>®</sup> 2000 or FieldCare the current measured value can be displayed.
<b>Operating elements</b>	At the temperature transmitter no operating elements are available directly. The temperature transmitter will be configured by remote operation with the PC software ReadWin <sup>®</sup> 2000 or FieldCare.
<b>Remote operation</b>	<p><b>Configuration</b> Hand operating module DXR375 or PC with Commubox FXA191/FXA195 and operating software (ReadWin<sup>®</sup> 2000 or FieldCare).</p> <p><b>Interface</b> PC interface Commubox FXA191 (RS232) or FXA195 (USB).</p> <p><b>Configurable parameters</b> Sensor type and connection type, engineering units (°C/°F), measurement range, internal/external cold junction compensation, cable resistance compensation on 2-wire connection, fault conditioning, output signal (4 to 20/20 to 4 mA), digital filter (damping), offset, measurement point identification + descriptor (8 + 16 characters), output simulation, customer specific linearisation, min./max. process value indicator function.</p>

## Certificates and approvals

<b>CE-Mark</b>	The device meets the legal requirements of the EC directives. Endress+Hauser confirms that the device has been successfully tested by applying the CE mark.
<b>Hazardous area approvals</b>	For further details on the available Ex versions (ATEX, CSA, FM, etc.), please contact your nearest Endress+Hauser sales organisation. All relevant data for hazardous areas can be found in separate Ex documentation. If required, please request copies from us or your Endress+Hauser sales organisation.
<b>Marine approval</b>	For further details on the available "Type Approval Certificates" (DNVGL, BV, etc.), please contact your nearest Endress+Hauser sales organisation. All relevant data for marine approval can be found in

separate "Type Approval Certificates". If required, please request copies from us or your Endress+Hauser sales organisation.

<b>UL approval</b>	UL recognized component (see <a href="http://www.ul.com/database">www.ul.com/database</a> , search for Keyword "E225237")
<b>Other standards and guidelines</b>	IEC 60529: Degree of protection provided by housing (IP-Code) IEC 61010: Safety requirements for electrical measurement, control and laboratory use. IEC 61326: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC requirements) NAMUR Standards working group for measurement and control technology in the chemical industry. ( <a href="http://www.namur.de">www.namur.de</a> )
<b>CSA GP</b>	CSA General Purpose

## Ordering information

Detailed ordering information is available from the following sources:

- In the Product Configurator on the Endress+Hauser website: [www.endress.com](http://www.endress.com) -> Click "Corporate" -> Select your country -> Click "Products" -> Select the product using the filters and search field -> Open product page -> The "Configure" button to the right of the product image opens the Product Configurator.
- From your Endress+Hauser Sales Center: [www.addresses.endress.com](http://www.addresses.endress.com)



### Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration

- Up-to-the configuration
- Depending on the device: Direct input of measuring point-specific information such as measuring range or operating language
- Automatic verification of exclusion criteria
- Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format
- Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop

## Accessories

- Commubox FXA191 (RS232) or FXA195 (USB)  
**Order code:** FXA191-... or FXA195-...
- PC-operating software: ReadWin<sup>®</sup> 2000 or FieldCare  
ReadWin<sup>®</sup> 2000 can be downloaded free of charge from the internet from the following address:  
**[www.endress.com/readwin](http://www.endress.com/readwin)**
- Hand operating module 'HART<sup>®</sup> Communicator DXR375', **Order code:** DXR375-...

## Documentation

- Compact instructions 'iTEMP HART<sup>®</sup> DIN rail TMT122' (KA128R/09/a3)
- Additional documentation for use in explosion-hazardous areas:  
ATEX II2(1)G (XA016R/09/a3)  
ATEX II3G (XA019R/09/a3)

[www.addresses.endress.com](http://www.addresses.endress.com)

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