

# Technical Information

## Minicap

### FTC260, FTC262

Capacitive

Point level switch with buildup compensation  
No calibration necessary



#### Application

The Minicap is designed for point level detection in light bulk solids with a grain size up to max. 30 mm (1.18 in) and a dielectric constant  $\epsilon_r \geq 1.6$  e.g. grain products, flour, milk powder, animal feed, cement, chalk or gypsum.

#### Versions:

- Minicap FTC260: with rod probe for bulk solids and liquids
- Minicap FTC262: with rope probe up to 6 m (20 ft); for bulk solids
- Relay output (potential-free change-over contact / SPDT) with AC or DC power
- PNP output with three-wire DC power

#### Your Benefits

- Complete unit consisting of the probe and electronic insert:
  - simple mounting
  - no calibration on start-up
- Active build-up compensation
  - accurate switch point
  - high operational safety
- Mechanically rugged
  - no wearing parts
  - long operating life
  - no maintenance
- The rope probe of the Minicap FTC262 can be shortened
  - optimum matching to the measuring point
  - less stocks required

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## Function and system design

### Measuring principle

#### Point Level Detection

A metal plate at the end of the probe, within the insulation, the integrated counter-electrode and the surroundings combine to form the two electrodes of a capacitor. If the probe is covered or free of process medium, the capacitance changes and the Minicap switches.

#### Active Build-up Compensation

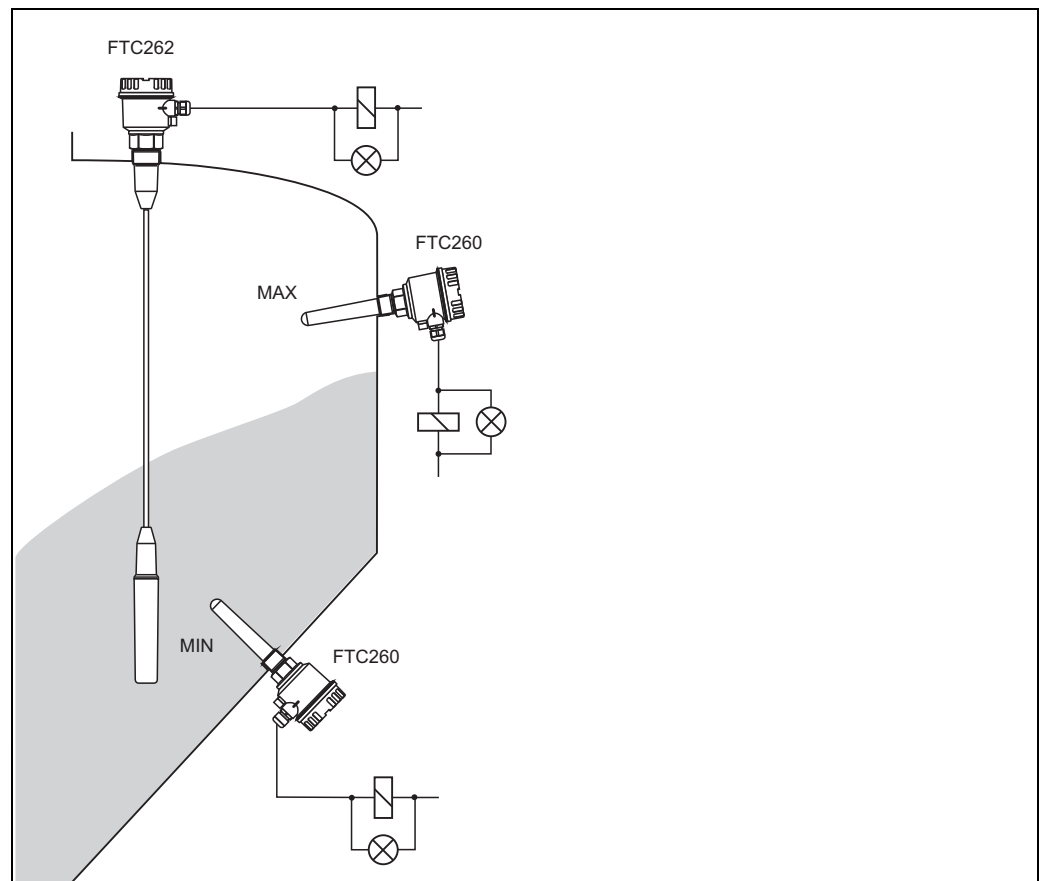
The Minicap detects build-up on the probe and compensates for its effects so that the switch point is always observed. The effects of build-up compensation depend on:

- the thickness of the buildup on the probe,
- the conductivity of the buildup,
- the sensitivity setting on the electronic insert.

### Measuring System

Minicap is an electronic switch. The complete measuring system consists of:

- the Minicap FTC260 or FTC262
- a power supply and
- controllers, switching devices, signal transmitters (e.g. lamps, horns, PCS, PLC, etc.)



Point level detection in silos containing solids

L00-FTC26xxx-14-06-xx-xx-001

**Function Range**

There is a loose relationship between the dielectric constant  $\epsilon_r$  and the density  $\rho$  of the material. The table on the left indicates whether the Minicap can be used or if application limits are exceeded.

Grain, seed, legumes and their products			Minerals, inorganic materials			Plastics		
Examples	$\rho$ in g/l (approx.)	$\epsilon_r$ (approx.)	Examples	$\rho$ in g/l (approx.)	$\epsilon_r$ (approx.)	Examples	$\rho$ in g/l (approx.)	$\epsilon_r$ (approx.)
Rice	770	3.0	Cement	1050	2.2	ABS granulate	630	1.7
Cornstarch (packed)	680	2.6	Plaster	730	1.8	PA granulate	620	1.7
Flour (wheat)	580	2.4	Chalk (packed)*	540	1.6	PE granulate*	560	1.5
Corn grist	500	2.1	Chalk (loose)*	360	1.4	PVC powder*	550	1.4
Sunflower seeds	380	1.9				PU dust*	80	1.1
Noodles	370	1.9						
Bran (wheat)	250	1.7						
Popcorn*	30	1.1						

\* Gray background: Application limits not reached => Use Soliphant FTM as point level switch.

In general:

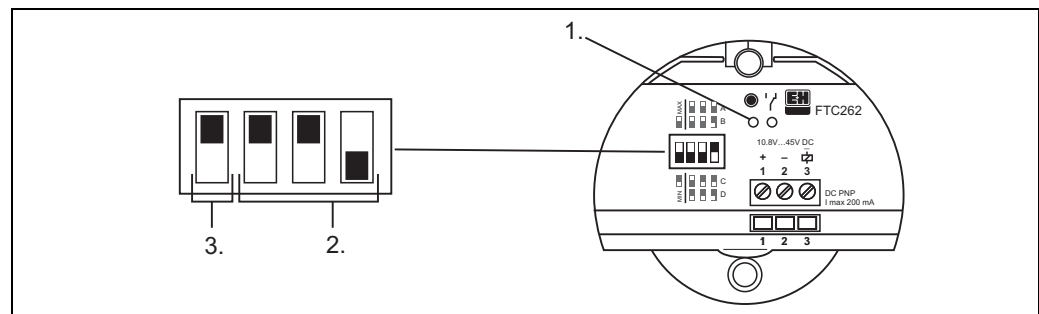
If the dielectric constant of the process medium is not known, then the bulk density can be a deciding factor.

Experience shows that the Minicap functions in foodstuffs with a density of 250 g/l and above or in plastic or mineral materials with a density of 600 g/l and above.

**Setting the Sensitivity**

The Minicap is so calibrated at the factory that it correctly switches in most materials.

Greater sensitivity can be set using a switch on the electronic insert. This is necessary if there is very strong build-up on the probe, or if the dielectric constant  $\epsilon_r$  of the material is very small.



The switch positions show the factory settings:

- 1 LEDs
- 2 Switch for setting sensitivity
- 3 Switch for selecting safety position

**Fail-safe mode**

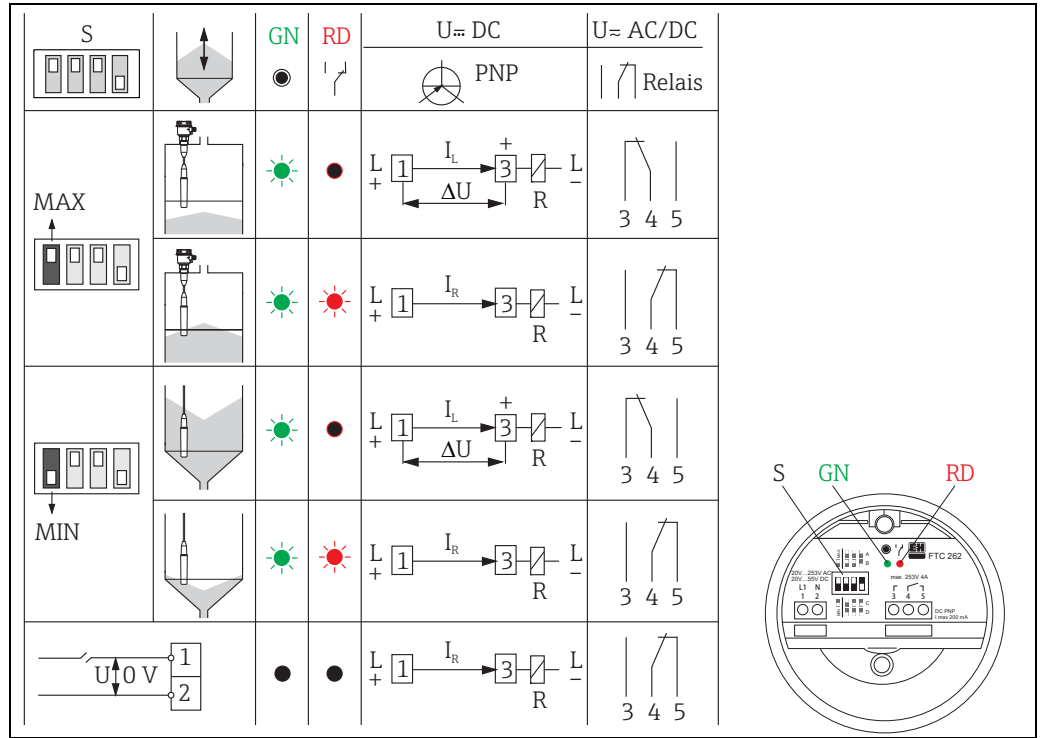
MIN-/MAX detection on the electronic insert, switchable.

**MIN**

The output switches if the probe is uncovered or if the supply voltage is disconnected in a safety-oriented manner (signal on alarm). Used for dry-running protection and pump protection, for example.

**MAX**

The output switches if the probe is covered or if the supply voltage is disconnected in a safety-oriented manner (signal on alarm). Used for overflow protection, for example.



Function and selection of fail-safe mode

**Input**

**Measured variable**

Point level

**Measuring range**

- FTC260:  $\epsilon_r \geq 1.6$
- FTC262:  $\epsilon_r \geq 1.5$

## Output

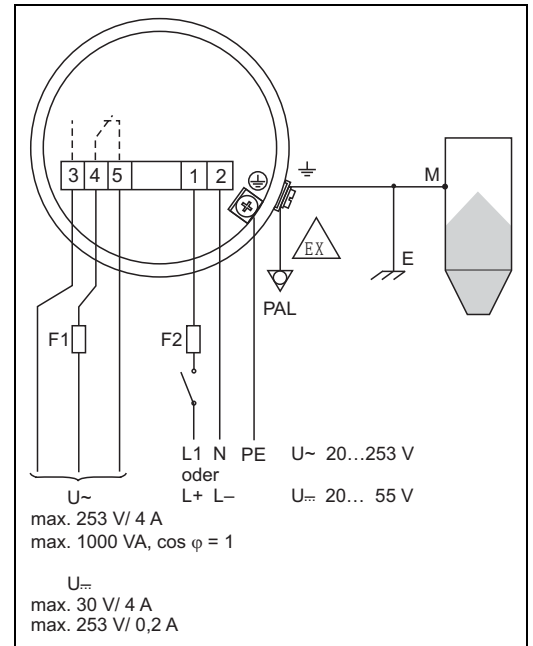
<b>Output signal</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ DC, PNP transistor output: Switching: PNP <math>I_{\max}</math> 200 mA           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– overload and short circuit protection</li> <li>– residual voltage at transistor at <math>I_{\max} &lt; 2.9</math> V</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ AC / DC, Relay output: Contact: change-over, potential-free <math>U_{\max}^{\sim}</math> 253 V, <math>I_{\max}^{\sim}</math> 4 A (AC) <math>P_{\max}^{\sim}</math> 1000 VA, <math>\cos \varphi = 1</math> <math>P_{\max}^{\sim}</math> 500 VA, <math>\cos \varphi &gt; 0.7</math> <math>I_{\max}^{\text{=}}</math> 4 A for <math>U^{\text{=}}</math> 30 V <math>I_{\max}^{\text{=}}</math> 0.2 A for <math>U^{\text{=}}</math> 253 V</li> </ul>
<b>Signal on alarm</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ DC, PNP transistor output: <math>&lt; 100 \mu\text{A}</math></li> <li>▪ AC / DC, Relay output: relay de-energized</li> </ul>
<b>Switching delay when free or covered</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ FTC260: 0.5 s</li> <li>▪ FTC262: 0.8 s</li> </ul>
<b>Overvoltage category</b>	Category II (as per EN 61010-1)
<b>Protection class</b>	Class I (as per EN 61010-1)

## Power supply

<b>Electrical connection</b>	<p>To ensure that the Minicap operates safely and without electrical interference, it must be connected to an earthed silo with metal or reinforced concrete walls.</p> <p>For silos made of non-conductive materials, the external earth wire of the Minicap must be connected to a conductive and earthed component which is earthed near to the silo. The protective earth can be connected to the internal earth terminal of the Minicap.</p> <p>Connections can be made with standard instrument cabling.</p> <p>See TI00241F/00/EN for information on EMC (testing procedures, installation).</p> <p>Connect the potential matching lead (PAL) when using in dust explosion hazardous areas.</p> <p>Note national regulations!</p>
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### Minicap AC or DC connection and relay output

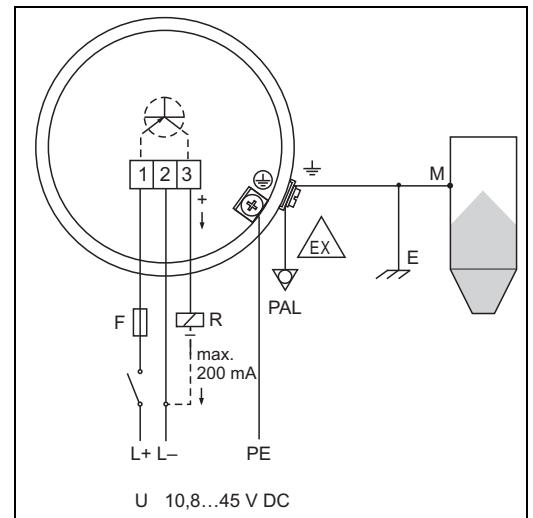
- F1: Fine-wire fuse to protect the relay contact, dependent on the connected load  
 Fine-wire fuse, 500 mA
- F2: Earth connection to silo or metal components on silo
- M: Earth connection to silo or metal components on silo
- E: Earth



Minicap FTC260 with F14 housing: no ground lines (PE) or potential matching lines (PAL) are required.

### Minicap with three-cable DC connection; Transistor output PNP

- F: Fine-wire fuse, 500 mA
- R: Connected load, e.g. PLC, PCS, relay
- M: Earth connection to silo or metal components on silo
- E: Earth



Minicap is protected against reverse polarity. The green LED for standby goes out if the connections are reversed.

Minicap FTC260 with F14 housing: no ground lines (PE) or potential matching lines (PAL) are required.

### Supply voltage

- DC, PNP transistor output:
  - U= 10.8 to 45 V DC
  - transient pulses to 55 V
  - current consumption max. 30 mA
  - reverse polarity protected
- AC / DC, Relay output:
  - U~ 20 to 253 V AC or
  - U= 20 to 55 V DC
  - current consumption max. 130 mA

### Terminal compartment

- Stranded wires max. 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (16 AWG) in end sleeves
- Electric wire max. 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (14 AWG)

## Performance characteristics

<b>Reference operating conditions</b>	<p>In plastic container:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Ambient temperature: 23 °C (73 °F)</li> <li>■ Medium temperature: 23 °C (73 °F)</li> <li>■ Medium pressure <math>p_e</math>: 0 bar (0 psi)</li> <li>■ Medium: dielectric constant <math>\epsilon_r = 2.6</math></li> <li>■ Conductivity: &lt; 1 <math>\mu\text{S}</math></li> <li>■ Sensitivity setting: C</li> </ul>								
<b>Hysteresis</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ FTC260: 4 mm (0.16 in) horizontal, 7 mm (0.28 in) vertical</li> <li>■ FTC262: 5 mm (0.2 in) vertical</li> </ul>								
<b>Switch point</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ FTC260: Probe center -5 mm (-0.2 in) horizontal, above probe tip 40 mm (1.57 in) vertical</li> <li>■ FTC262: Above probe tip: 35 mm (1.38 in) vertical</li> </ul> <p>Probe length tolerances; mm (in):</p> <table border="0"> <thead> <tr> <th>- Probe length L</th> <th>Tolerances</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>- up to 1000 (39.4)</td> <td>+0/-10 (+0/-0.39)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>- up to 3000 (118)</td> <td>+0/-20 (+0/-0.79)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>- up to 6000 (236)</td> <td>+0/-30 (+0/-1.18)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	- Probe length L	Tolerances	- up to 1000 (39.4)	+0/-10 (+0/-0.39)	- up to 3000 (118)	+0/-20 (+0/-0.79)	- up to 6000 (236)	+0/-30 (+0/-1.18)
- Probe length L	Tolerances								
- up to 1000 (39.4)	+0/-10 (+0/-0.39)								
- up to 3000 (118)	+0/-20 (+0/-0.79)								
- up to 6000 (236)	+0/-30 (+0/-1.18)								
<b>Power up response</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ FTC260: Correct switching after max. 1.5 s</li> <li>■ FTC262: Correct switching after max. 2 s</li> </ul>								
<b>Long-term drift</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ FTC260: 3 mm (0.12 in) horizontal, 6 mm (0.24 in) vertical</li> <li>■ FTC262: Vertical 6 mm (0.24 in)</li> </ul>								
<b>Influence of medium temperature</b>	Depending on material to be measured								

## Installation

### Installation

#### Silo Material

The Minicap can be used in a range of silos made of different materials.

#### Mounting Point

Note the angle of the material mounds and the outlet funnel when determining the mounting point or probe length of the FTC262.

#### **NOTICE**

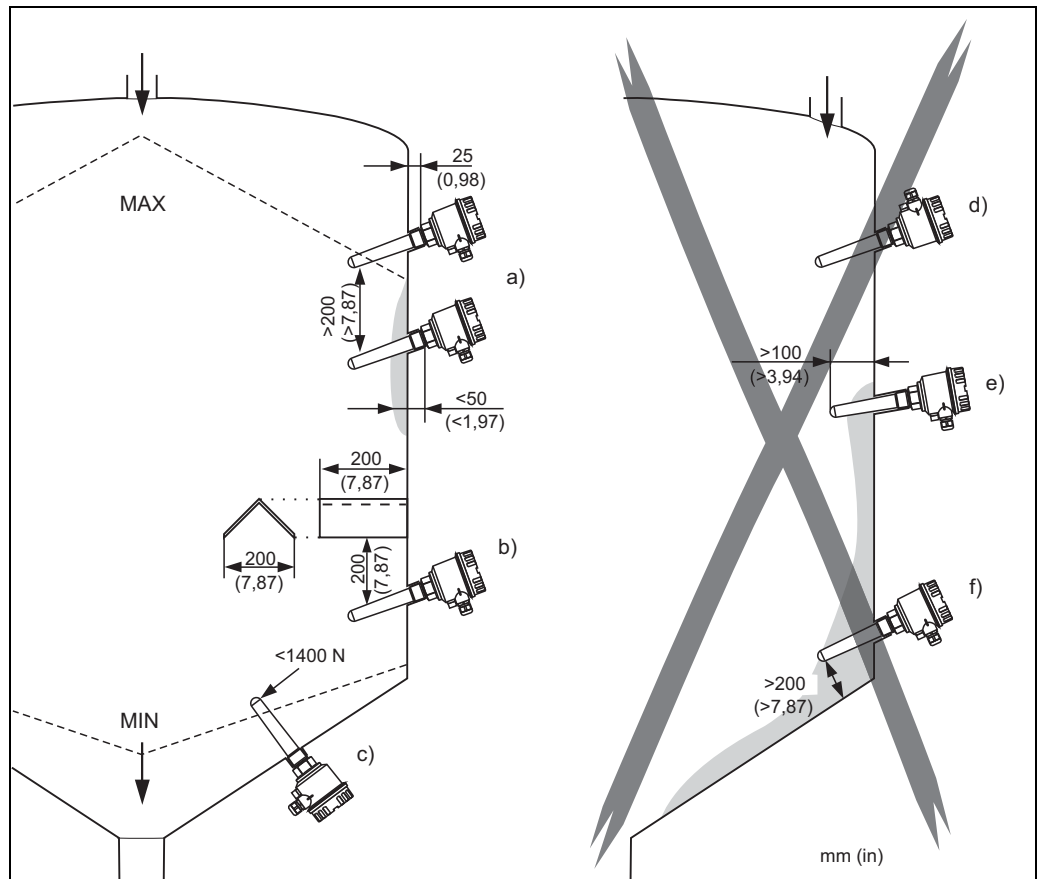
**The material flow must not be directed at the probe!**



**Installation instructions  
FTC260**

**Correct Installation**

**Incorrect Installation**



L00-FTC26xxx-11-06-xx-xx-001

General information and recommendations for installing a Minicap FTC260 point level switch

**Correct Installation**

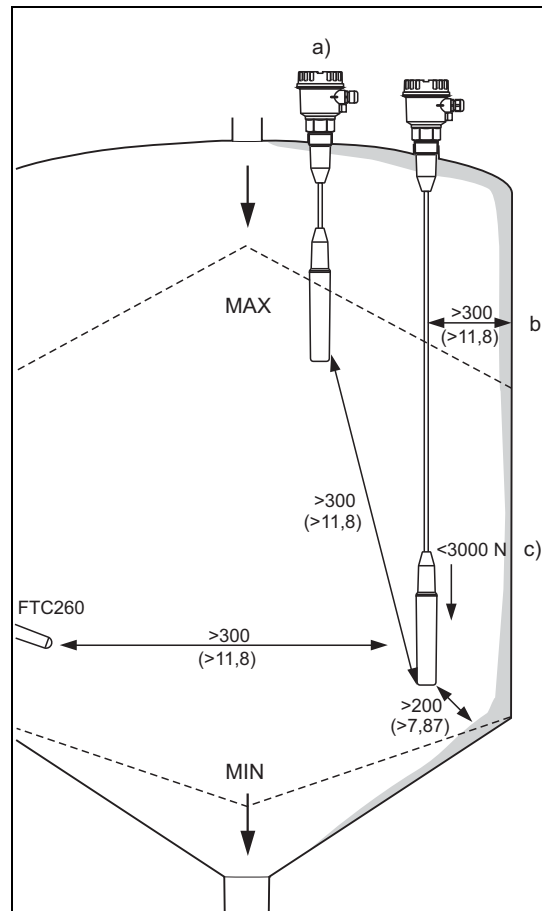
- a. Minimum distances:  
To prevent mutual interference with the FTC260, there must be a minimum distance of 200 mm (7.87 in) between two probe tips.
- b. Mounting point:  
Tip of probe points slightly downwards so that process medium can slide off more easily.  
The protective cover protects the probe rod from collapsing mounds or mechanical strain at the outflow when the Minicap FTC260 is set to minimum detection.
- c. Mechanical load:  
The maximum lateral load on the probe rod must be taken into account when used for minimum detection. It should therefore only be used for minimum detection with loose materials that have good flow characteristics.

**Incorrect Installation**

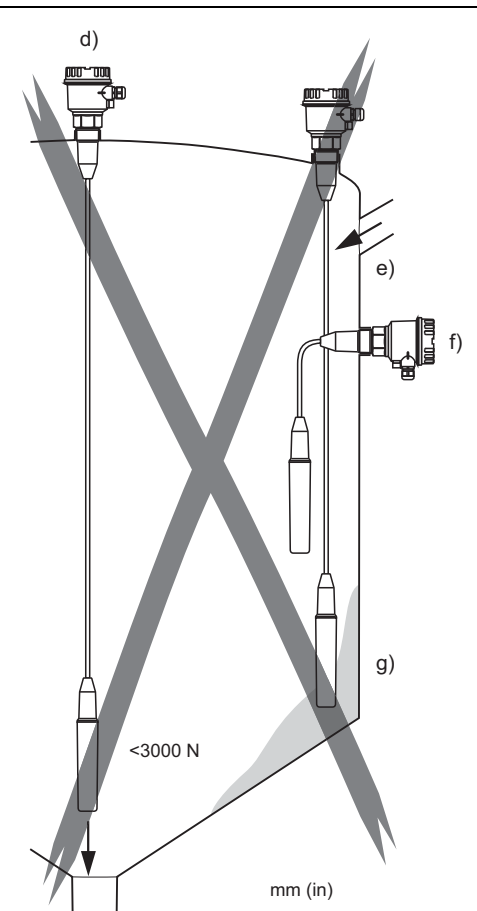
- d. The probe may be damaged by inflowing material, and cause faulty switching. Cable gland pointed upwards can allow moisture to enter.
- e. Threaded socket too long with material build-up on the silo wall. (Minimum mounting depth 100 mm (3.94 in) not reached).
- f. Mounted near build-up in the silo.  
The probe tip is too near to a silo wall (less than a minimum distance of 200 mm (7.87 in) ).

## Installation instructions FTC262

### Correct Installation



### Incorrect Installation



General notes and recommendations for installing a Minicap FTC262 point level switch

#### Correct Installation

- Minimum distances:  
Sufficient distance from the material filling curtain and the other probe.
- Mounting point:  
Do not install in the center of the outlet cone. Ensure there is sufficient distance from the silo wall and from material build-up on the wall.
- Mechanical load:  
Note the tensile strain on the probe rope and the strength of the silo roof when used for minimum detection.  
Very high tensile forces may occur at the material outlet especially with heavy, powdery bulk materials which tend to form build-up. These forces are significantly greater over the outlet than at the silo wall.  
For minimum detection Minicap FTC262 should only be used for light, easily flowing solids, and that do not tend to form build-up.

#### Incorrect Installation

- In the center of the material outflow; the high tensile forces at this point may tear off the probe or damage the silo roof.
- The probe may be damaged by inflowing material.
- Mounted laterally
- Too near silo wall; when swinging gently the probe can hit the wall or touch any build-up which may have formed. This can result in error switching

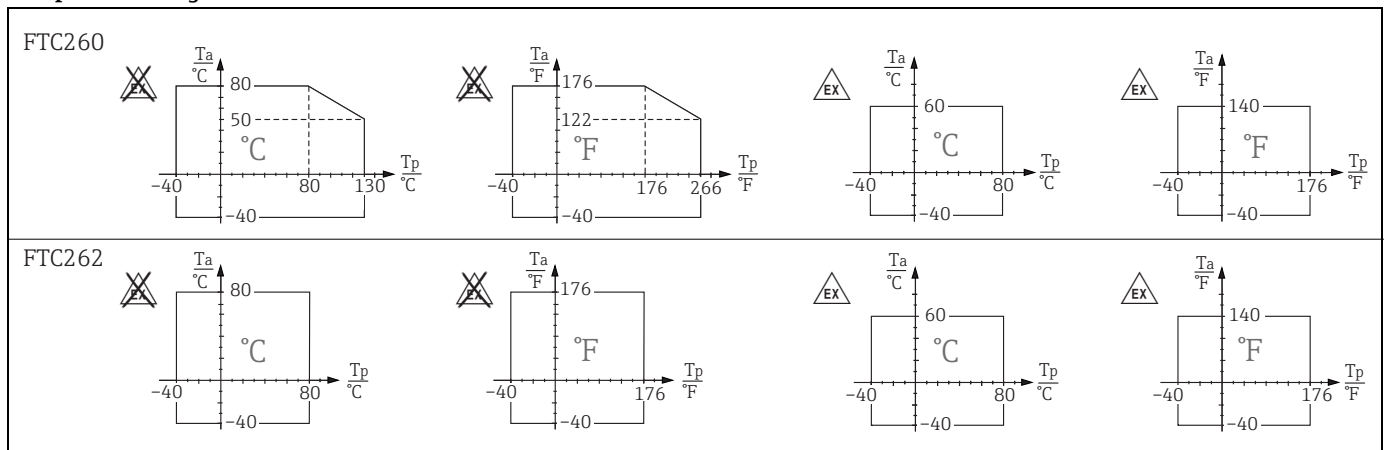
## Environment

<b>Ambient temperature <math>T_a</math></b>	-40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F) For Dust-Ex version: -40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)
<b>Storage temperature</b>	-40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)
<b>Climate class</b>	As per EN 60068 part 2-38 (Z/AD), (IEC 68-2-38)
<b>Degree of protection</b>	IP66; Type 4 encl. (with F14 housing) IP66; Type 4x encl. (with F34 housing)
<b>Impact resistance</b>	Probe with F34 housing: 7 J
<b>Vibrational resistance</b>	EN 60068-2-64 (IEC 68-2-64), a(RMS) = 50 m/s <sup>2</sup> ; ASD = 1.25 (m/s <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>2</sup> /Hz; f = 5 to 2000 Hz, t = 3x2 h
<b>Electromagnetic compatibility</b>	Interference Emission to EN 61326, Electrical Equipment Class A Interference Immunity to EN 61326, Annex A (Industrial) and NAMUR Recommendation NE 21 (EMC)  See TI00241F for general instructions regarding the EMC test conditions for E+H instruments.
<b>Operating height</b>	Up to 2000 m (6600 ft) above mean sea level.

## Process

<b>Process temperature <math>T_p</math></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ FTC260: -40 to +130 °C (-40 to +266 °F) For Dust-Ex version: -40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)</li> <li>■ FTC262: -40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)</li> </ul>
<b>Process pressure range <math>p_p</math></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ FTC260: -1 to +25 bar (-14.5 to +362 psi)</li> <li>■ FTC262: -1 to +6 bar (-14.5 to +87 psi)</li> </ul>

### Temperature diagrams

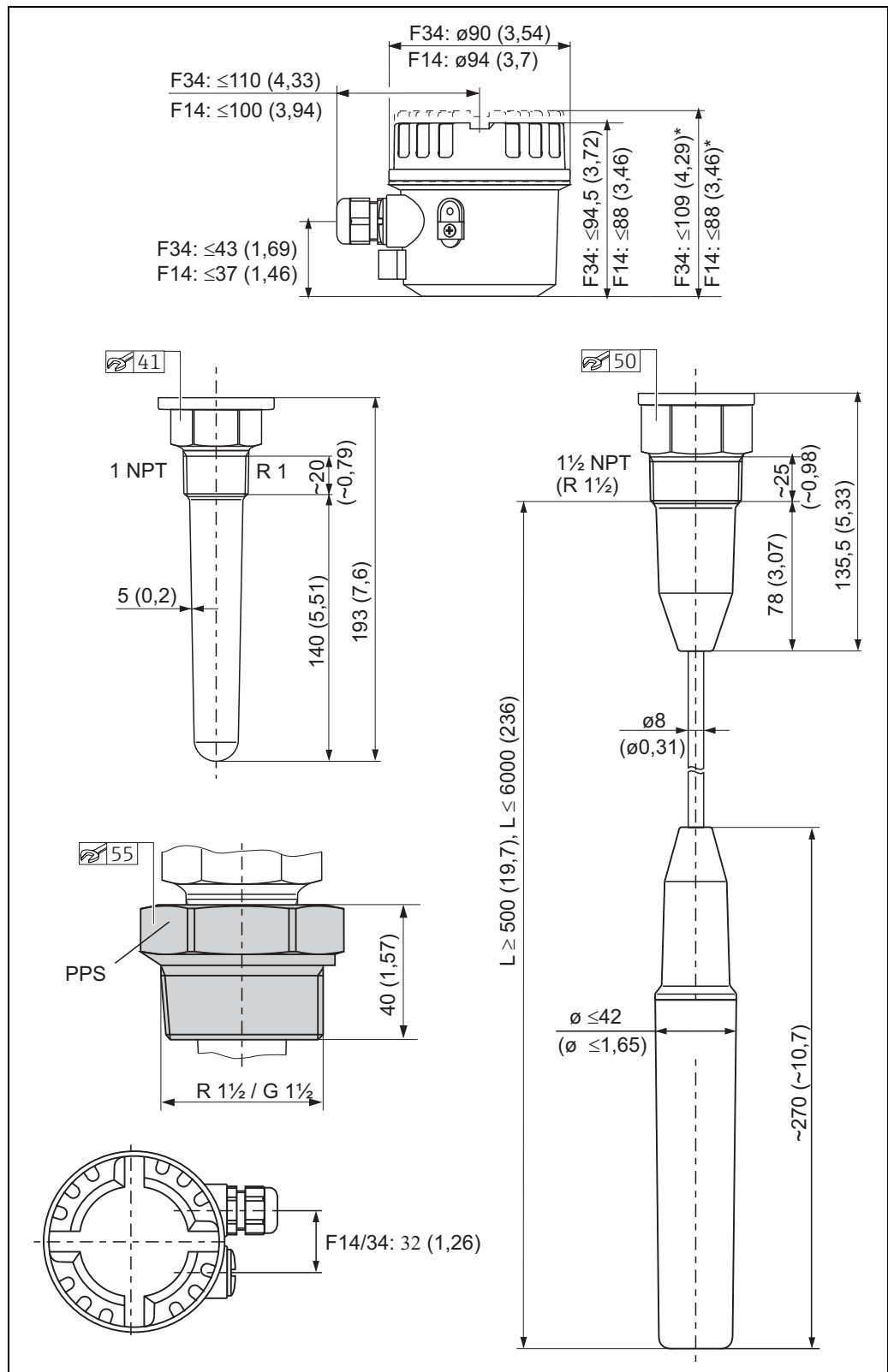


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## Mechanical construction

### Design and dimensions

All dimensions in mm (in)!



F14 = Polyester PBT-FR housing, IP66

F34 = Aluminum housing, IP66

\* Cover with sight glass for F34 housing, cover with sight glass for F14 housing

- Material for wetted parts**
- Probe FTC260/FTC262: PPS GF40  
FDA: FCN No. 000040:  
[www.fda.gov/Food/IngredientsPackagingLabeling/EnvironmentalDecisions/ucm154090.htm](http://www.fda.gov/Food/IngredientsPackagingLabeling/EnvironmentalDecisions/ucm154090.htm)  
Regulation (EC) No. 1935/2004 and No. 10/2011
  - Probe rope FTC262: PE-HD
  - Probe rope seal FTC262: VMQ  
FDA: 21 CFR 177.2600

- Process connections**
- Threaded boss:
- FTC260
    - R 1, ISO 7/1 (DIN 2999), BSPT; adapter for R 1½ and G 1½, → 14 "Accessories"
    - 1 NPT, ANSI B 1.20.1; adapter for 1¼ NPT, → 14 "Accessories"
  - FTC262
    - R 1½, ISO 7/1 (DIN2999), BSPT
    - 1½ NPT, ANSI B 1.20.1

- Housing, cable entry**
- Housing F14: polyester PBT-FR, IP66
    - Coupling M20
    - Thread NPT 1/2
    - Thread G 1/2
  - Housing F34: aluminum, IP66
    - Coupling M20
    - Thread NPT 1/2
    - Thread G 1/2

**Tensile strength**      FTC262



max. 3000 N up to 40 °C (104 °F)  
max. 2800 N at 80 °C (176 °F)

L00-FTC26xxx-05-06-xxx-xx-003

## Operability

- Display elements**
- Green LED: stand-by
  - Red LED: switch status

- Operating elements**
- Switch on electronic insert
- switching between minimum and maximum fail-safe mode
  - Sensitivity setting (depending on dielectric constant  $\epsilon_r$  and buildup).  
It is usually not necessary to adjust the sensitivity (see "Measuring principle" section → 3)

## Certificates and approvals

<b>CE mark</b>	The device complies with the legal requirements of the EU directives. In attaching the CE Mark, Endress+Hauser confirms that the device conforms to all relevant EU directives.
<b>Ex approval</b>	ATEX (in conjunction with F34 aluminum housing) FM and CSA (in preparation)
<b>RCM-Tick marking</b>	The supplied product or measuring system meets the ACMA (Australian Communications and Media Authority) requirements for network integrity, interoperability, performance characteristics as well as health and safety regulations. Here, especially the regulatory arrangements for electromagnetic compatibility are met. The products are labelled with the RCM- Tick marking on the name plate.



A0029561

## Ordering information

Detailed ordering information is available from the following sources:

- In the Product Configurator on the Endress+Hauser website: [www.endress.com](http://www.endress.com) → Click "Corporate" → Select your country → Click "Products" → Select the product using the filters and search field → Open product page → The "Configure" button to the right of the product image opens the Product Configurator.

- From your Endress+Hauser Sales Center: [www.addresses.endress.com](http://www.addresses.endress.com)



### Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration

- Up-to-the-minute configuration data
- Depending on the instrument: Direct input of measuring point-specific information such as measuring range or operating language
- Automatic verification of exclusion criteria
- Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format
- Direct ability to order in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop

## Accessories

A list of all accessories and spare parts is available at [www.endress.com](http://www.endress.com).

In the search field, simply enter the product name (e.g. Minicap) or the product code (e.g. FTC260), and select the desired product from the search results.

The "Accessories / Spare parts" section can be found in the lower section of the product page.

## Supplementary documentation

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### Operating manual (BA)

- Minicap FTC260: KA00093F/00/A6
  - Minicap FTC262: KA00155F/00/A6
  - Rope shortening for FTC262: KA00157F/00/A6
- 

### Safety instructions (XA)

- Safety instructions (ATEX) for FTC260  
XA00011F/00/A3  
ATEX II 1/3D
- Safety instructions (ATEX) for FTC262  
XA00092F/00/A3  
ATEX II 1/3D



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